WHEELING, WEST VA., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1879.

VOLUME XXVII.-NUMBER 205.

an educated girl aged 17 years and a no

A London dispatch from Rome says that Italy has picdged herself to support the claims of Greece to the utmost limits of the frontiers assigned by the Treaty of

In the English House of Commons the Chancellor said it was possible that there had been an advance of the troops in Afghanistan, but that the Government had not sanctioned an advance on Cabul.

The Paris National has reason to believe that the Government has resolved to take no action relative to Blanques election till it comes before the Chamber of Deputies for verification. The Ministers will then urge that Blanque is ineligible.

The steamer Gilloit, Capt. Ruhlewein, from Hamburg for New York, was in collision Sunday with the ship Rosella Smyth, from New York, and arrived at Scilly, where she was detained until this morning, when she gave \$35,000 bonds and proceeded.

Returns from the elections in Spain show

Actions from the elections in Spain show the following result: The Ministerialists elect 275; Constitutionalists, 32; mem-bers of other parties, 33. Among the dep-uties-elect are Castellar, Sagasta, Echegar-ray and Martos. A great number of elect-ors abstained from voting.

A dispatch from Havana states that the

COLORED CONVENTION

They "Resolute" on the Exedus of Their Brethren, and Adjourn Sine Die Sing Ling "John Brown's Body Lies Moulder-ing in the Grave,"

New ORLEANS, April 21.-At the last

facts contained in the report that made

The Intelligencer.

Ur to last Saturday 330,436 kegs of Nails had been received at Cincinnati since ember 1st, as against 284,991 for the age time last year.

Tag business of Pittsburgh is pretty well party. shown by its bank clearings for the year ous far as compared with several previous

THE Woodruff scientific expedition ground the world is complete in everything except the people who are to form The popular idea that it is to be comisively of students, and that the at least one-third of those expected to go not sail with fewer than 200 persons, but so the trip, \$2,500 in all, is evidently what

agreal in regard to Blaine some time ago. induced to forego a third term. John is accused of being an intellectual icicle-who has no red blood in his yeins but even granting this, yet he has shown such a high order of Executive ability in the management of the Treasary Department as to leave no doubt of his general fitness for high position. Then, too, he has the advantage of being

show factories in the Quaker city; to-day great industrial hives averages 48. 000,000 paris of shoes. Some factories,

ny knife vivorously to such salaries. fees or other outlays as were not in keeping with the reductions that had fallen open the unofficial public. Hence, we oubt not, everybody was more or less as tonished to see Council at its last meeting not only evincing no disposition to cut nses but, quite the contrary, to increase them. They not only declined to make any change in salaries, but seriously discussed a proposition to add seveal thousand dollars to the present expenses of the l'olice and Fire departments of the city.

We presume that these proposed additions will not be endorsed by Council, necessary economy, look upon them with

The Two Sections in 1880.

Since the result of the recent Northern elections has shown that the North is in

STATES, AND	XOBTURKS STATES TOTAL TO
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:38 Total The Democracy in Congress have figured on this table. They have had their eyes on it for some months. They have seen the necessity of carrying the State of New York, with its 35 votes, and in order to carry the State it is necessary to get's rousing vote in the city. They have not forgotten those 20,000 fraudulent votes for ymour and Blair in 1868, and how under the Supervisors' isw the ballot boxes have been protected since that time from

such wholesale stuffing. Hence they fear, since the result of last fall's election, that the Republicans will carry the State in 1880. They do not really feel sure of single Northern State since the fall and spring elections, having been so generally beaten in them, and it is natural on their part to wish to see Cincinnati and New York captured by the bummers and strikers who train under the Nasbys of the

It will be necessary for the South to capture forty-seven Northern votes in order to succeed in 1880. If they could carry Cincinnati (as in 1876) and New York as in 1868, they might hope to cap ture Ohio and New York. A million of money could be raised to capture these two cities if necessary, because they are the strongholds of their respective States. We all know the frauds that were perpe trated in Cincinnati and New York, and against their repetition. Hence the at least one-third of those expected to go will be mere tourists, who may grow tirel and get off at any point. The ship will on the ropeal of the Supervisors law. The Democracy threaten farouly 150 have agreed to go. A booking starve the government into a repeal of it even to the disbanding of the arms. They are apparently prepared to go any length to coerce the President. To this end they have called the present session is the language of the Cincinnati Com- of Congress and put the country to a vast expense for partisan purposes. To this John Sherman is an individual who end such men as Randolph Tucker, of Virmight hold the country up by the tall for ginia, Senator Beck, of Kentucky, and four years in case the "mailed rider" Representative Blackburn, of the same State, have threatened the very existence of the government, just as they did in 1861.

THE RAILROADS AND THE TELE-

Case of the Baltimore & Ohio and Wes ern Union. A case of considerable importance to the

public, to railway companies and to telegraph interests was recently before the District Court at Columbus, Ohio. Suit was brought by the Western Union Telethe leading industrial city of this conti- graph Company, who claimed, under an neat it is natural that the manufacture of agreement made in 1858, the exclusive shoes should be very large. Theree years right to perpetually operate a line of tele ago there were only sixteen extensive graph on the right of way of the Centra Ohio Railroad Company between Wheel there are one hundred and fifty, and the ing, West Va., and Columbus, Ohio amount of work annually turned out by The Central Ohio Railroad is now leased and operated by the Balti more & Ohio Railroad Company, and the object of the suit of the Western Union 10).000 paris of shoes. Some factories, indeed, turn out 2,000 pairs of shoes per day, and rearly all the work is done by machinery. There are cutting-machines, trip-haumers, sewing-machines, trimming-machines, and machines for polishing and barnishing. In fact the revolution wrought by machinery in the shoe trade may be deemed one of the greatest marvels of the age.

City Expenses.

The Register is correct in saying that prior to the last city election there was "a kind of tacit agreement" that a reduction in salaries and, as far as possible, of general expenses, was to be the order of the day.

The collegaph Company was to restrain the Western Union Company and Elegaph Company from exercising similar telegraph Company from exercising similar telegraph Company from exercising similar telegraph to make a patient of the Central Ohio railroad, as well as to prevent the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company from transferring its own telegraph wires to the poles of the sait of the Western Union Telegraph Company was to restrain the delegraph Company was to restrain the Junton Company was to restrain the Junton Telegraph Company from exercising similar telegraph Company appealed Company appealed from transferring its own telegraph Company appealed from the Measure of the city Expenses.

The Register is correct in saying that prior to the last city election there was "a kind of tacit agreement" that a reduction in salaries and, as far as possible, of general expenses, was to be the order of the day.

expenses, was to be the order of the day. The outlays of the city were ventilated in the papers and retrenchment was the popular idea. It was shown that the industries of the city were greatly depressed and illy able to bear the burden of taxanion, and that in all departments of trade very radical reductions in salaries and wages and all manner of expenses had taxen place.

Judge Green, and the case was recently peninent counsel on both sides before the District Court at Columbus, Ohio. It is understood that a Columbus, taken place.

In view of these facts, there was at least a very general hope, if not "a tacit agreement," that the new Council would look sharply after expenditures, and apply the weeks the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Com weeks the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Com-pany has completed the construction of a first-class telegraph line of two wires be-tween Baltimore and Washington. This, taken in connection with the result in the Ohio courts, facilitates the policy of that company for the use of its own system of telegraphs as a competitor with the West-ern Union Telegraph Company for tele-graphic business of the public.

Taxation of Building Associatio

BALTIMORE, April 21 .- An unusuall large number of persons were at the Ap Tax Court on Saturday maki quiries in regard to the taxation of the shares of building associations, the opinion seeming to prevail among them that discons will not be endorsed by Council, although they have been formally recommended by the two committees of the Police and Fire departments. If the public burdens can not be lightened, contrary to the public hopes, they surely will not be increased at a time like the present. While we do not dissent from the advantage that might result to the city from these proposed expenditures under other circumstances, we hold that this is not the time to inaugurate them. Our people did unredeemed shares are not taxable. The time to inaugurate them. Our people did not consider them indispensible in the prosperous years of the past, and they will not now, in this time of close and measures recently taken by the judges to insure a prompt return of the value of all the shares of such associations.

That Kiss of Tilden.

The New York Espress, a Democratic danger of being solid against a solid South newspaper which does not aling deyoutin 1880, there is considerable speculation edly to Mr. Tilden, has a resping editorial right of settlers to pre-empt lands granted

kiss by giving it the widest publicity. Its only sanctity was silence. That gone, the usufruct remains. It has become a campaign kiss, and the old gentleman will shortly sause the Litseary Bureau to work up this melo-dramatic incident into gushing articles for the country editors of the South. It will soon be in the hands of some smart advertising agency for transmission in a hundred forms. The seene is doubtless to be illustrated on the sensational patent-medicine plan, and will form a valuable addition to Str. Thidan's collection of pictorial politics."

State Constitutional Convention.

New OBLEANS, April 21 .- The State Con-New Onleans, April 21. - and Thuyman, De Jure President of the Unitwas called to order by Gov. Nicholls. In a brief address he alinded to the responsia brief address he alluded to the responsibility and work which lay before the convention; the pressing needs of the State for competent and edissign; legislation and the cessation of internal troubles, with which was now afflicted. The convention elected L. A. Wilts permanent Chairman, A. C. Harris Secretary. After appointing committees the convention adjourned till to-morrow.

THE safest, surest and cheapest remedy yet discovered for that disordered condi-tion of the liver, known as "billousness" is Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills.

BY TELECRAPH.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Thurman as De Jure President of the United States.

--- His Vanity is Tickled and He Takes It All In.

Proposed New Legislation Introduced in the House Yesterday-The Faithful Five Who Attended Last Night's Session.

Two Southern Shooting Matches - Two Hun dred Shots Fired in the Kentucky Match and Only One Bulls-eye Reported.

WASHINGTON

CALL FOR BONDS Washington, April 21.—The Secretary of the Treasury will this afternoon issue call for the redemption of \$24,566,300 or ten forth bands.

MORE FINANCIAL SCHEMES A bill for the distribution of the unex-pended balance of the Geneva award was introduced in the House to-day by Mr. Frye, and three financial bills by Mr.

EXTENDING PRIVILEGES TO CALLS FOR BOND Secretary Sherman to-day gave notice that all bonds included in the 85th call and prior calls' will be applied with in-terest to maturity of call and of settlement of loan in accounts of National Depositor Banks. Heretofore the same privilege was allowed in respect to the bonds of the 83th and former calls. The notice to-day Sith and former calls. The notice to-day extends the privilege to the Stth and Sott calls, amounting to fifty million dollars. This is done to facilitate the settlement of the four per cent loan account with National Bank Depositories.

FERNANDO WOOD'S NEW TARIFF REVISION

Fernando Wood to-day introduced a joint resolution providing for the appoint-ment of a joint select committee to con-sist of three members of the Ways and Means Committee of the House and two Senate, to sit during recess, and consider what changes, if any, should be made in the tariff and in the revenue law, and report by bills or otherwise next winter, also by bills or otherwise next winter, also bill amendatory of acts imposing duties on foreigh imperts. The main features formed a part of tariff bill, reported from the Ways and Means Committee of last Congress. Mr. Ewing's bill for taxing incomes over \$400 be taxed 2½ per cent, over \$10,000 5 per cent and over \$20,000, 10 per cent.

Mr. Ewing also introduced a bill for the re-issue of paper fractional currency, and to make all fractional currency inter-changeable with silver dollars or silver certificates at any of the sub-treasuries, and making fractional currency a legal ten

der for \$20 in any one payment.

A German Director of Post writes to Postmaster General Key, that neither American nor any other letters have been opened or delayed in the German Empire.

DESCRIPTION OF CALLED BONDS.

The Secretary of the Treasury issued the 99th call for redemption of bonds. The call is for \$23,566,300 of the 10-40 bonds of 1864. Principal and interest will be paid at the Treasury, on and after the 21st of July next, and the interest will cease that day. The following is a description of the bonds: \$50, No. 1,451 to 1,578, both inclusive; \$100, No. 7,101 to 11,732, both inclusive; \$500, No. 1,101 to 11,732, both inclusive; \$5,000, No. 7,010 to 7,492, both inclusive; \$5,000, No. 20,301 to 30,618, both inclusive; \$5,000, No. 10,301 to 10,353, both inclusive; \$10,000, No. 24,701 to 27,570, both inclusive.

The bonds outstanding and represented by the above mentioned numbers constitute the residue of those issued under the

tute the residue of those issued under the Act of March 3d, 1864, of the 10-40 bonds. The Treasury Department will now redeen the called bonds embraced in the eighty the called bonds embraced in the eighty-fourth and eighty-fifth calls, paying inter-est to date of redemption, or it will re-deem at once the bonds included in said calls with interest to date of maturity, and apply the proceeds to the payment of any subscriptions for the 4 per cent consols. In the matter of the claim of the State of Georgia, to be reimbursed \$72,000 for the expenses incurred in the Creek and Seminole war. First Comptroller of the Treasury has decided in favor of the State.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. A decision was rendered to-day in the United States Supreme Court in the cases of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company against the Canon City and San Juan Railway Company, involving con-flicting claims of the two corporations to Juan Railway Company, involving conflicting claims of the two corporations to use and occupancy of the Grand Canon of Arkansas, for railroad purposes. The decrees of the Circuit Court are reversed with the directions to set aside not only the order granting an injunction against the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company, but an order dissolving the injunction granted in its favor, and dismissing its bill by proper order entered in each suit. The court below will recognize the prior right of that company to use and occupy the Grand Canon for the purpose of constructing its road therein, and will enjoin the Canon City and San Juan from interferring with that company in such

as to how the vote of the two sections may be table to first the context to how the vote of the two sections may be table to first to how the vote of the two sections may be table to first the context to how the vote of the two sections may be table to first the context to be cast 200 Electoral votes, and 185 are necessary to an election.

STITIERS STATES.

NOTHERN STATES.

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Hendricks, having failed to qualify and ssume the duties of the offices to which they were respectively elected, the Presi dent pro tempore of the Senate becomes the acting President of the United States. To this office Mr. Thurman was vesterday

Rumors of Compromise.

Washington, April 21—It is very evident from the confidential admis-Democrats influential in their party councils, that the party leaders are beginning A Huge Joke on the Political Acrobat to think that they have committed an er ror in forcing the extra session, and in

making the threats they have as to stop-ping the government, and that the energies of the same leaders are now being di rected to discovering some solution of existing complications. This feeling has not taken possession, of the majority of the party, but it certainly is influencing a large number of the most active leaders, and is the only basis for the numerous pending rumors of probable compre

KENTUCKY PASTIMES.

A Shooting Bee Takes Place at Mt. Ver-non—A Band that was Organized to Do Some Wholesale Slaughtering Resisting Arrest.

Louisville, April 21 .- A special disoatch from Mt. Vernon, Ky., to the Courier-Journal, says: For several weeks past party of men have been holding meetings near there, and have effected an organiza tion for the purpose of killing several persons in the town and county, now on tris in the Circuit Court, should they escap indictment, and have also threatened to

Last Saturday a writ was issued for se-Last Saturday a writ was issued for several persons known to be members of the organization, and the writ placed in the hands of Ashley Owens, the county detective. A posse of 25 men was summoned, and together they proceeded to the house of Jess Pittman, who lives near Pine Hill. Not finding him there they returned, and when a short distance from Pittman's house, they were fired into by a party of bushwhackers. The fire was returned, and some 200 shots were exchanged, when the bushwhackers withdrew. Two officers were silghtly, and one of the bushwhackers seriously wounded.

THE FOUNDERED STEAMER.

The Fault of an Unskillful Pilot-A List

San Francisco, April 21.—The following are the names of those lost by the capsizing of the boat of the GreatRepublic, as furnish ed by the purser: Hugh Lenon, first officer; R. Davis, second officer; J. Conner, boatswain; Wm. Johnson, carpenter; Peter Rogers, watchman; Thomas McElroy, mess-man; Samuel McMurray, waiter; Frank Malloy, body recovered; Frank Connelly, foreman; Alex Scott, fireman. Capt. Carroll, of the steamer Great Republic, has made a statement in which he attributes the disease; to an exercise the

attributes the disaster to an error in the judgment of the pilot in charge, taking so near the sand island that when the course was changed the tide let her on

At a meeting of the citizens yesterday. At a meeting of the citizens yesterday, a committee was appointed to canvass the city for a subscription for the relief of the sufferers by the Eureka fire. Two hundred dollars telegraphed for and a lot of supplies will be forwarded to-day.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

R. R.
New York, April 21.—At a meeting of the Wabash Railway Directors to-day, Messrs. Garrison, Post, Billings and Bliss resigned, and Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Jas. Lawler, Welch, and Jas. F. Joy were elected to fill thevacancies. This, it is said, gives Gould the control of the direction, and 81,000 shares of stock are ocked up to secure it in perpetuity.

Kansas Pacific securities made a large

advance, chiefly caused by the above ac tion, and a meeting of the general mana gers of the Wabash, Missouri, Kansas and Texas and St. Louis, Kansas City a Northern Roads, to arrange for open a new line between Hannibal and Kans to Moberly, thence to Kansas City St. L. K. C. & N. The St. Joe and Der City Railway, has also passed into City Railway, has also passed into control of the Kansas Pacific and Wab combination.

declined considerably. The rumor is discovered to be unfounded. Thirty vessels have sailed from the port

occupy the Grand Canon for the purpose of constructing its road therein, and will enjoin the Canon City and San Juan from interferring with that company in such use, occupancy and construction. Justice Harlan, delivered the opinion, Chief Justice Waite, dissenting.

The case of W. H. Platt vs. Union Pacific Railroad Company, involving the Secretary of State newtheraphen. decided that the Federal Courts have a right to cause to be produced in court one original papers on file in the office of the Secretary of State, notwithstanding the State laws to the contrary, and the District Attorney was directed to amend his rule against the Secretary of State of South Carolina so as to notify him that the original papers are wanted, the Court saying that the rule so amended would be made absolute.

Solution of the people. Also, to restrict immingtance of the secretary of political disabilities.

By Mr. Scales: Refunding special taxe collected on brandies made from apples peaches and grapes, which are in excess of Solitak and grapes.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

tion in the House-Non leseript Finan cial Schemes-Nearly Fifteen Hundred Bills Introduced-Oh, "What Shall the Harvest be ?"-An Evening Se Harvent be.
Debate Only.
SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

Consideration was resumed of the Army Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Bayard defended the incorporation of the general legislation in the appropria-tion bills. There being nothing in it, hence the cry of revolutionary was unsubstantial and facility, and the nearly would condense

Mr. Bayard having noticed the remarks of Blaine about the distribution of the army, Blaine asked the Senator to quote his words.

Mr. Bayard said he would do so, but would first have to send for the Congression-

was this, "that not a Senator of the other side of this chamber had ever seen a United States soldier at the polls." Mr. Bayard replied that if the Senator preferred to limit his remarks to the actual vision of the Senators he had nothing to

Mr. Blaine said his confidence in that statement had not been disturbed by any remarks which had been made on the other side. Mr. Bayard then proceeded to read an

account of the large presence of troops in New York in the fall of 1870 present at the New York in the fall of 1870 present at the polls to prevent disorder.

Mr. Blaine wished to ask a question. It was why the Senator did not select a presedent found in 1857, when President Buchanan called out the marines to attend at the Washington municipal election, and when seven men were shot down by them then seven men were shot down by them, he scene being within one mile of the enate Chamber.

EVADING THE QUESTION AS USUAL. Mr. Bayard said he would discuss that Mr. Bayard said he would discuss that at some other time. Any party or set of men in this country who seek to remove an infringement on the libertles of the American people should have his support at all times. He held that the employment of armies at the polls was simply atrocious, and during the war was claimed as a belligerent right.

Mr. Bayard at length condemned all conduct which would tend to prevent the restoration of full confidence and friendship to all parts of the country. He was well assured that hostility of one section against the other would speedily lead to depression and degradation, and ultimately ruin both, and in conclusion expressed his confidence that the American people

both, and in conclusion expressed idence that the American people would support the majority in their pres of justice, and had for its object the protection of the liberties of the people.

Mr. Maxey took the floor and commented on Mr. Blaine's speech.

After executive session the Senate ad-

Several bills relative to the Pacific Rail-

Among the bills introduced were two by Mr. Wood, one establishing a perma-nent sinking fund, and the other providing for the appointment of a joint committee for the appointment of a joint committee to revise the revenue laws. With nine States only called the bills in-troduced numbered 200.

At half-past two o'clock the call of States had only reached Georgia and upwards of 500 bills had been introduced. Twenty-one States, exclusive of Territorics, are yet to be called.

A vast number of petitions were filed, including one by Mr. Warner, praying for an amendment in the coinage laws so as to admit silver to unlimited coinage on the ame conditions with gold, and to provide

AND THE END IS NOT YET.

eferred:
By Mr. Murch: To prevent a furthur nerease of the bonded indebtedness of the United States; also for the issue of ractional currency; also for retiring the rade dollar, and for the redemption of ractional silver coin; also in regard to he observance and enforcemen

the observance and emotive eight-hour law.

By Mr. Joyce: Proposing a constitutional amendment prohibiting the payment of claims of disloyal persons for property destroyed during the late war.

By Mr. Harris: For the completion of four double turretted monitors.

By Mr. Harris: For the completion of four double turretted monitors.

By Mr. Rice: Extending the time for the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad; also for the rollef of the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad; also to exhalish a Board of Pacific Rail.

A Grain Scare-Freight Matters.
CHICAGO, April 20.—Late in the afternoon there was rumors that the grain was heating in the elevators, and the markets declined considerably. The rumor is discovered to be unfounded.

This was a large and the markets and the markets are considerably. The rumor is discovered to be unfounded.

This was a large and the markets are considerably and the markets are co statutes modifying others relating to

axes in the insurrectionary States.

By Mr. Cabell: Abolishing the tax or

spirits distilled from apples, peaches and other fruit.

By Mr. Goode: To apply the proceeds of the sale of public lands to the educa-

gration of Chinese. Also, for the removal of political disabilities.

Hy Mr. Scales: Refunding special taxes collected on brandles made from apples, peaches and grapes, which are in excess of \$50; also declaring the standard silver dollars to be a unit of value; also refunding certain direct tax on lands, collected from citizens in the late insurrectionary States.

steamer service between the United State and Brazil.

By Mr. Garfield: Authorizing the Sec-etary of War to furnish tents and rations o certain destitute colored immigrants in Kansas, and making an appropriation of \$75,000 for that purpose. By Mr. Ewing: For the retirement of the circulating pages of the National

By Mr. Ewing: For the retirement of the circulating notes of the National Banks; also providing for a graduated income tax; also for the issue of silver coin certificates, and their exchange for silver buillion at current market rate; also for the interchange of fractional currency and legal tender currency; also authorizing the re-coinage of the trade dollar.

By Mr. Young (Ohio): Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds for the payment of arrears of pensions.

By Mr. Turner: For income tax. Also making it illegal for any member of Congress to act as advisory counsel for any corporation as patentee.

Also directing the Committee on Civil Service Reform to inquire into the propriety of limiting the executive patronage by constitutional amendment.

By Mr. Whitthorne: Authorizing the appointment of a joint special committee.

LUNDON April 20.—The race in the best

appointment of a joint special committee to inquire into the cause leading to the re moval of large bodies of citizens from the moval of large bodies of citizens from the States to certain other states. The preamble recites that it is alleged that the emigration is in consequence of the deminal of legal and political rights; that this is controverted and that it is asserted on the other side that it is a cunning scheme of reckless adventurers to take advantage of a race to enrich themselves in money and political power in utter indifference to the suffering and distress that may happen to their victims. The resolution further declares that the rights of all citizens, without regard to race or color, should be seport (if any evils) appropriate remedies.

By Mr. Bright: For the free coinage of silver dollars; making the trade and Mexican dollar legal tenders. Also, to prevent the reduction of national currency by the fraudulent rectifing of legal tenders.

the reduction of national currency by the fraudulent retiring of legal tender notes. By Mr. Now: to reimburse several States for interest paid on war loans. By Mr. Cobb: Providing for local taxation of U. S. legal tender notes. By Mr. Hostetter: Directing the Secretary of the Treasury in certain cases to redeem interest bearing bonds in silver dollars.

dollars.

By Mr. Stevenson: Proposing a Constitutional amendment prohibiting the payment of Southern war caims.

By Mr. Singleton: To issue an additional amount of U. S. notes and directing the uses to which it should be applied.

By Mr. Townsend: To regulate commerce among the several States; also proposing a constitutional amendment prohibiting the payment for losses sustained in the war in insurrectionary States.

By Mr. Bliss: Authorizing the construction and maintenance of a tunnel under the Detroit River.

tion and maintenance of a value of the Detroit River.

By Mr. Aldrich: For the establishment of a branch mint at Chicago.

By Mr. Sparks: Authorizing the deposit of silver bullion and the issue of certifications of the state o

of saver duffion and the issue of certifi-cates therefor.

By Mr. Fort: To establish a National Board of Agriculture; also for the exchange of trade dollars for legal tender silver dollars.

By Mr. Buckner: To retire national bank notes; also requiring the reserve of national banking associations to be kept in the standard and silver coin of the United States in the of learning money.

By Mr. Clardy: For the establishment of a branch mint at St. Louis.
By Mr. Frost: For the organization of the Territory of Oklahama.
By Mr. Gunter: Granting 320 acres to each survivor of the Mountain Meadow's massacre. United States in lieu of lawful

By Mr. Newbury: Authorizing the By Mr. Newbury: Authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Detroit river.

By Mr. Reagon: To regulate inter-State commerce; to prohibit unjust discrimination by the common carriers; also to alternative the prophese and registry of a longing.

low the purchase and registry of a foreign built ship by United States citizens; also for the payment of Southern mail con-By Mr. Culberson: For the unlimited coinage of silver; also to abolish Nationa banks and to substitute Treasury notes fo National bank currency.

By Mr. Sapp: To encourage inter-State

By Mr. Weaver: Directing the Secre by Mr. Weaver: Directing the Secre-tary of the Treasury to pay out standard coin without discrimination. Also, direct-ing the issue of six hundred millions of United States notes to be paid out as Con-gress shall hereafter direct. Also, au-thorizing the issue and circulation of fifty millions of fractional currency.

millions of fractional currency.

By Mr. Gillette: To reduce the salaries,
wages, fees and compensations paid by the
United States.

By Mr. Price: Making the trade dollar

legal tender.
By Mr. Dunnel: To repeal the promption laws; also, to establish a foreign nail steamship service.

By Mr. Whitlake: To prohibit contract

By Mr. Whitlake: To prohibit contract for servile labor.

By Mr. Anderson: For the relief of all other citizens for whom special bills were not introduced to-day, and preventing urther introduced to-day, and preventing urther introduced to bills.

By Mr. Ryan: To give a right of way brough the Indian reservations to railroad companies.

By Mr. Wilson, of W. Va.: For a treaty with Mexico.

The Berlin Post declares that a wide-spread conspiracy exists between Russian, French and German revolutionists, and suggests common defensive action.

THE SOCIALISTS IN CONVENTION.

FRANKFORT, April 20.—A meeting was held to-day of the German Social Political Association. Two hundred and fifty delegated from a life of the contract of the c

by Mr. Wilson, of W. Va.: For a treaty sith Mexico.

By Mr. Valentine: For a branch mint at Deatwood.

By Mr. Belford: For a branch mint at Deatwood.

By Mr. Benett: For the admission of the late of Washington into the Union.

By Mr. Bennett: For an assay office at Deatwood.

All the States and Territories being callad, and bills to the number of 1.385 have. State of Washington into the Union.

By Mr. Bennett: For an assay office at

Deadwood. All the States and Territories being call-ed, and bills to the number of 1,385 hav-ing been introduced, the House took a re-

ONLY FIVE TO DO THEM REVERENCE.

There were but five members present when the House re-assembled.
The House immediately went into the Committee of the Whole, (Blackburn in the Chair) on the Legislative Appropria-

Bellosade, April 21.—The Albanian
Nasiville, April 21.—Seven hundred
violators of the revenue laws appeared be-

FOREIGN NEWS.

England's Opinion of Secretary John Sherman.

LONDON, April 20.—The race in the best and best boats between Joseph Kempster and William Spencer, from Putney to Mortlake, for a hundred pounds a side, was on by Kempster. COMPLIMENTING OUR PINANCIPPING A dispatch from Havana states that the elections for deputies to the Cortes was held yesterday throughout the Island and passed off quietly. Liberal Conservatives have a decided majority in the city and Province of Havana. The result of the election in the rest of the Island is unknown. The elections for Senators takes place May 15th.

The Times congratulates Secretary Sherman upon his success in converting the 10-40 bonds, and says the conversion of the six per cent bonds in 1881 is likely to depend more than the present operation on the maintenance of the credit of the U.S. The revival of trade in the United S. The revival of trade in the United States will by 1881 probably render it impossible to obtain money there at 4 per cent. Now that the conversion has been carried as far as it can be for two years, Mr. Sherman should direct the attention of Congress and the nation to the policy of reducing the capital of the debt, which has been for some time neglected.

PEDESTRIAN MATTERS. day's session of the Colored Convention London, April 22.—At three o'clock this morning the pedestrian score stood: Hazael, 137 miles; Brown, 127‡; Corkey, 127‡; Weston, 111. the Committee on Business reported. After reading the report, Mr. Ruby read a resolution adopting the report, and spoke at some length. He explained the

STALY.

EXHIBITING THEIR LOYALTY TO PAPAL ROMI the Convention so restive under op-RXHIBITING THEIR LOYALTY TO PAPAL ROME.

ROME, April 21.—There was a great
Catholic demonstration and display of
sacred relics yesterday in honor of Virgin
Mary, as a protest against the alleged sacreligious teachings of the Protestant
minister, Dr. Rybetti, who had posted
hand-bills announcing his discourse, entitled "Glory to God only." The pilgrimages to the three great basilicas of Santa
Maria Maggiore, Saint John, Lateran and
Santa Croce in Gierusalemme, in response
to aspecial invitation of the Cardinal Vicaposition. He suggested an organized and systematic emigration. He explained that the reason for turbulence in the Convention was due to the presence of politicians, who interfered with the proceedings, and it was trusted that this fact would be appreciated. The colored men last year produced thirty-five million dollars of wealth, and now it is proposed to let white men raise sugar, cotton and rice. It was an organized movement of colonists. A negro exodus means the loss of thirty-five members of Congress, and the present Democratic majority. The report was adopted.

Mr. Ruby here introduced Mr. Turken, agent for the Houduras Immigration Society, who urged that the colored men should seek that region as one of the most congenial climates to their temperment. The subject of emigration to Houduras was referred to the Committe on Migration.

Rev. Dr. Newman in an address with position. He suggested an organized and Santa Croce in Gierusalemme, in response to aspecial invitation of the Cardinal Vicar were very numerous and enthusiastic, embracing all classes of society. The demonstration is described as most imposing in all its proportions and solemnity.

Gen. Garibald will go to Albania.

FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE Rome, July 21 .- A meeting was held to

iation, pursuant to a call by Genera aldi, who presided. It was resolved to agitate for universal suffrage and for the abolition of the deputies oath of allegi-ance. The meeting sent greeting to their brethren of Italy unredeemed. should leave the States until the last min-ute, and not until the situation beautiful. CHANGE IN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

ROME, April 21.—The council of ministers approved of the changes in the customs tariff, proposed by the finance Minister, affecting coffee, pepper, petroleum, etc., from which an increase in the revenue of 170,000 pounds annually is anticinated.

PRECAUNTIONARY MEASURES IN ST. PETERS

MUTINY IN THE BANKS.

INDIA.

CONTINUATION OF THE DROUGHT.

PIENDISH WARFARE.

FOREIGN NOTES.

one name of the cover-body. Mr. Ruby moved that when the Cover-tion adjourn to-day it should adjourn singing "John Brown's body lies moulder-ing in the grave." It was so ordered, and when the hour for adjournment sine die arrived three verses of this song were same. General Garibaldi, at a meeting of Re-publicans, declared that Italy must be armed and ready to claim her unredeem-Mr. Blount delivered the benediction

IN THE PROMISED LAND.

What Kansas is Doing for the Negro Im-migrants—A Kansas Town Nearly De-stroyed by Fire. Sr. Louis, April 21.-A Topeka dispatch

Rev. Dr. Newman, in an address said that he did not think the colored people

nendurable, then they should go in a

St. Petersburg, April 21.—General Gourko, newly appointed Governor General at St. Petersburg, has ordered all the gun makers to send lists of their stock to the city commandant, and to sell only to persons presenting special authorization, under the penalty confiscation of stock and prohibition of the trade. Private persons possessing arms, can only retain them by special permission. Porters must be kept at the doors of all the houses day and night to prevent posting of placards and the scattering of explosives in the streets. says: A large meeting was held to-night at the Opera House to consider what shall be done with the colored immigrants from be done with the colored immigrants from the South. Governor St. John presided. Resolutions were adopted asking the citizens to contribute to keep such freed-men as came from suffering, and trans-port them to localities where they may enjoy the rights and privileges will all other citizens, and requiring the Chairman to appoint a Central Freedman's Commit-tee, of which the Governor shall be Chair-man, to receive such contributions food man, to receive such contribution Advices from St. Petersburg state that second infantry regiments have been sent against the recutted Rostaff. The Costack showed a disposition to attack their agents, as occasion may reculre, and the sacks showed a disposition to attack their comrades, and were withdrawn. According to last accounts the Cossacks held their ground.

The Berlin Post declares that a wide-Committee shall have an Committee shall have an norty of the such other means as the urgency of the occasion and needs of these people shall occasion and needs of these people shall demand. Over \$500 was raised on the spot, and Judge McFarland went to Wy-andotte to-day with \$200 to assist immi-grants there. The Governor to-day ap-pointed an Executive Committee, and a State Committee will be appointed on Thursday.

Thursday.

A special to the Commonicalth from Kinsley, Ks., says that a fire there this Kinsley, Ks., says that a fire there this morning destroyed about one-half of the business portion of the town, including the Postoffice and all county offices. Loss

bout \$75,000. THE VIRGINIA STATE DEBT.

Foreign Bondholders Accept Plans of Settlemen

RICHMOND, April 21.-The Council of Foreign Bondholders, through their New York agents, notified Gov. Holliday of their acceptance of the plan in the settle-ment of the Virginia State debt, as provi-ded in the bill recently passed by the Gen-eral Assembly. The details will be arrang-ed in a few days.

CONTINUATION OF THE DROUGHT.

CALCUTTA, April 20.—The continued drought causes much anxiety. There has been hardly any rain in Bengal since Christmas.

General Roberts is ready to start on a march through Shutargardan pass at a moments notice with two splendid brigades, with which he will be able to occupy Cabul, even unassisted by the other columns. THE COLORED FOLKS CELEBRATE. THE COLORED FOLKS CELEBRATE.

The annual celebration by the colored people of this city in honor of the 18th, 14th and 15th amendments, took place today. The festivities consisted of a grand military and civic parade, an oration and firing national salutes.

CHARLES E. DWIGHT,

PRACTICAL CHEMIST.

Is prepared to make careful and complet analyses of Iron Ores, Limestones, Miners Waters, etc. LABORATORY, COR. 24TH AND CHAPLINE STR. HALL RACKS—

Mrs. Roushy, the English actress, is

A London dispatch says that seventy four hundred colliers in Belgium have struck. The Durham miners have finally resolv EW GOODS AND NEW PRICES AT
HEHRENS & CO'S., Souts Wheeling. We have
just received a fresh supply of Fine Tess, Fancy Family
Floor, Sugars, Osfoo and ageneral stock of Groceries,
Color and the Stock of Groceries,
city, Pinnesser a prices as low as any Store in the
city, Pinnesser a prices and low as any Store in the
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April 2000 All Color and Color and Color any part of the city,
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ed, by a vote of 22,633 to 224, to the strike. A Constantinople dispatch says that the inhabitants of one district in Crete have risen in arms. Edward Greigher Tattershall, of the

firm of Singleton & Tattershall, solicitors, London, has failed. His liabilities amount to £120,000. A Paris dispatch says: It is said in min-

A Paris dispatch says: it is said in ministerial circles that a telegram was dispatched on the 18th to Dabligniers, desiring him on no account to leave Cairc.

Simultaneously with Solonieff's attempt on the Cast's life, three policemen were

Latest Styles,

All Prices.

ZINK & MOREHEAD.

ing him on no account to leave Caire.

Simultaneously with Solonieff's attempt on the Caar's life, three policemen were shot in Kasan. Among the assassins were

\$10 TO \$1,000 INVESTED IN WALL STREET STOCKS makes fortunes every dress BATER & CO., Bankess, 17 Wall street, N. T. agefulaw

the rule so amendes wound as the control of the con